Environmental Protection Agency

PSNS

Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Maximum for monthly average	
		oounds per mil- s) of metal	
Copper (T) Lead (T) Zinc (T) Oil and grease (for alternate	8.48 8.7 12.6 18.1	4.63 4.3 4.74 5.91	
monitoring)	330	110	

(g) Melting Furnace Scrubber Operations.

PSNS

Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day Maximum for monthly av age	
	kg/62.3 million per billion scrubbed	Sm³ (pounds SCF) of air
Copper (T) Lead (T) Zinc (T) Total Phenols TTO Oil and grease (for alternate	3.01 3.09 4.45 3.36 7.97	1.64 1.52 1.68 1.17 2.6
monitoring)	117	39.1

(h) Mold Cooling Operations.

PSNS

Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Maximum for monthly average	
	kg/1,000 kkg (pounds per million pounds) of metal poured		
Copper (T)	0.297 0.305 0.44 0.935	0.162 0.151 0.166 0.304	
nate monitoring)	11.6	3.86	

§ 464.17 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best conventional pollutant control technology. [Reserved]

Subpart B—Copper Casting Subcategory

§ 464.20 Applicability; description of the copper casting subcategory.

The provisions of this subpart are applicable to discharges to waters of the United States and to the introduction of pollutants into publicly owned treat-

ment works resulting from copper casting operations as defined in §464.02(b).

§ 464.21 Specialized definitions.

For the purpose of this subpart:

- (a) *Total Toxic Organics (TTO)*. TTO is a regulated parameter under PSES (§ 464.25) and PSNS (§ 464.26) for the copper subcategory and is comprised of a discrete list of toxic organic pollutants for each process segment where it is regulated, as follows:
- (1) Casting Quench (§464.25(a) and §464.26(a)):
- 23. chloroform (trichloromethane)
- 64. pentachlorophenol
- 66. bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate
- 71. dimethyl phthalate
- (2) Dust Collection Scrubbers (§ 464.25(c) and 464.26(c)):
- 1. acenaphthene
- 22. para-chloro meta-cresol
- 23. chloroform (trichloromethane)
- 34. 2,4-dimethylphenol
- 55. naphthalene
- 58. 4-nitrophenol64. pentachlorophenol
- 65. phenol
- 66. bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate
- 67. butyl benzyl phthalate
- 68. di-n-butyl phthalate
- 70. diethyl phthalate 71. dimethyl phthalate
- 72. benzo(a)anthracene (1,2-benzanthracene)
- 74. 3,4-benzofluoranthene 75. benzo(k) fluoranthene
- 76. chrysene
- 77. acenaphthylene
- 78. anthracene
- 81. phenanthrene
- 84. pyrene
- (3) Investment Casting ($\S464.25(e)$ and $\S464.26(e)$):
- 1. acenaphthene
- 22. para-chloro meta-cresol
- 23. chloroform (trichloromethane)
- 34. 2,4-dimethylphenol
- 55. naphthalene
- 58. 4-nitrophenol 64. pentachlorophenol
- 65. phenol
- 66. bis (2-ethylhexyl)phthalate
- 67. butyl benzyl phthalate
- 68. di-n-butyl phthalate
- 70. diethyl phthalate
- 71. dimethyl phthalate
- 72. benzo(a)anthracene (1,2-benzanthracene)
- 74. 3,4-benzofluoranthene
- 75. benzo(k) fluoranthene
- 76. chrysene
- 77. acenaphthylene
- 78. anthracene

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- 81. Phenanthrene
- 84. pyrene
- Melting (4) Furnace Scrubber (§464.25(f) and §464.26(f)):
- 1. acenaphthene
- 22. para-chloro meta-cresol
- 23. chloroform (trichloromethane)
- 34. 2,4-dimethylphenol
- 55. naphthalene
- 58. 4-nitrophenol
- 64. pentachlorophenol
- 65. phenol
- bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate
- 67. butyl benzyl phthalate
- 68. di-n-butyl phthalate
- 70. diethyl phthalate
- 71. dimethyl phthalate
- 72. benzo(a) anthracene (1,2-benzanthracene)
- 74. 3,4-benzoflouranthene
- 75. benzo(k) flouranthene
- 76. chrysene
- 77. acenaphthylene
- 78. anthracene
- 81. phenanthrene
- 84. pyrene
- Mold Cooling (§464.25(g) and § 464.26(g)):
- 23. chloroform (trichloromethane)
- 64. pentachlorophenol
- $66.\ \, \dot{b}is (2-ethylh \dot{e}xyl) phthalate$
- 71. dimethyl phthalate

§ 464.22 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available.

Except as provided in 40 CFR 125.30 through 125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart must achieve the following effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available, except that non-continuous dischargers shall not be subject to the maximum day and maximum for monthly average mass (kg/1,000 kkg or lb/million lb of metal poured; kg/62.3 million Sm3 or lb/ billion SCF of air scrubbed) effluent limitations for copper, lead, zinc, total phenols, oil and grease, and TSS. For non-continuous dischargers, annual average mass limitations and maximum day and maximum for monthly average concentration (mg/l) limitations shall apply. Concentration limitations and annual average mass limitations shall only apply to non-continuous dischargers.

(a) Casting Quench Operations.

BPT EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Maximum for monthly average	
	kg/1,000 kkg (pounds per m lion pounds) of met poured		
Copper (T)	0.0307	0.0168	
Lead (T)	0.0315 0.0455	0.0156 0.0171	
Zinc (T) Oil and grease	1.2	0.0171	
TSS	1.52	0.598	
pH	(1)	(1)	

¹ Within the range of 7.0 to 10.0 at all times.

	Maximum for any 1 day	Maximum for monthly average	Annual average 1
	(mg/l) ²	(mg/l) ²	
Copper (T)	0.77	0.42	0.0068
Lead (T)	0.79	0.39	0.0088
Zinc (T)	1.14	0.43	0.0108
Oil and grease	30	10	0.199
TSS	38	15	0.399
pH	(3)	(3)	(3)

¹kg/1000 kkg (pounds per million pounds) of metal poured ²These concentrations must be multiplied by the ratio of (4.8/x) where x is the actual normalized process wastewater flow (in gallons per 1,000 pounds of metal poured) for a spe-

³Within the range of 7.0 to 10.0 at all times.

(b) Direct Chill Casting Operations.

BPT EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Maximum for monthly average
	kg/1,000 kkg (pounds per million pounds) of metal poured	
Copper (T)	0.928 0.952 1.37 36.2 45.8 (1)	0.506 0.47 0.518 12.1 18.1 (¹)

¹ Within the range of 7.0 to 10.0 at all times.

	Maximum for any 1 day	Maximum for monthly average	Annual average ¹
Copper (T)	(mg/l) ² 0.77 0.79 1.14 30 38 (3)	(mg/l) ² 0.42 0.39 0.43 10 15 (3)	0.205 0.265 0.326 6.03 12.1

¹kg/1000 kkg (pounds per million pounds) of metal poured.
²These concentrations must be multiplied by the ratio of (145/x) where x is the actual normalized process wastewater flow (in gallons per 1,000 pounds of metal poured) for a specific plant.
³Within the range of 7.0 to 10.0 at all times.